

**Die Entdeckung von Amerika -  
Der Kulturdiffusionismus in Neuer Sicht - Band 1**

**The Discovery of America -  
The Diffusion of Culture in New Sight - Vol.1**

by

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The book deals with the discovery of the Americas starting from Egypt via Asia across land and sea.

The first part of the book deals with a 14.000 years old nautical worldmap, old global maps up to the 16<sup>th</sup> century and the location of Atlantis.

The second part of the book deals with evidences that the world's spherical shape was already known in antiquity.

Proofs can be found in Egypt taking in consideration commercial relations to Mesopotamia. Written evidences can be found on clay-boards in Mesopotamia and on wall-paintings in Egyptian tombs. It is of great importance that the trade has taken place via land and cross the sea.

The route from Mesopotamia to the Indus Valley Culture can be evidenced by finds of Indian seals in Mesopotamia. Gold, copper, lapis lazuli and ivory came from India to Mesopotamia cross the sea. Moreover there existed a landroute from the town Harappa (Indus Culture) via Afghanistan to Inner Asia.

India ruled over the great ocean, for that reason named Indian Ocean. Indian reached with their trading ships the Arab-Peninsula, Mesopotamia, the Maldives and South East Asia. South East Asia was known as the country of gold, transported to India for commerce.

China, as further great maritime country, traded at first via the sea, and later on via land. The trading route is the start of the Chinese silk route. In the other direction the „Ponting Wandering“ by Robert von Heine-Geldern can be proved. Surprisingly the myth of Heracles can be found in China. The „taotie“-motive as special Chinese Art can be found in North- America.

In Japan Ogham inscriptions showing the route to Alaska can be proved. Ogham inscriptions can be found in Alaska as well. In the epic of the Argonauts evidence can be found that Mariandyners living in the St. Lawrence River Valley fought with the people in Japan for iron.

Next station are the gold countries Peru and Ecuador. Evidences exist that gold has been shipped from America to South East Asia and from there to India. This proves an excellent functioning sea-trade-route.

Moreover the book deals with the settlement of the Pacific. Evidences exist that the colonization of the South-Sea occurred from different directions. Migration started from different Asian countries e.g. India, South East Asia, China and Japan as well as migration resulting out of the „Pontic Wandering“ coming from South East Asia. Moreover people of the Marquesas reached South

America. Wanderings from South America to Easter Island can be evidenced by newest researches.

It can be concluded that migration of people – may the reasons for such migrations be diverse – was the basis for worldwide relations and connections.

**Publication:**

**Buchverlag König**

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